

High-Q RF Coil Construction Techniques

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Construction

A couple of radio amateurs have put some nice pictures on the web that result to be very instructive in explaining how to construct high-Q loading coils:

- [Mark Peterse, PA3HMP](#) came up with an elegant design for the trap coils of his wire dipole antennas, solely based on standard PVC tubing.
- [Phil Salas, AD5X](#) mastered the art of plumbing water pipe bi-conical compression couplings and nipples together to build sturdy loading coils supported by nylon edge rims. Described [here](#), [here](#) and also [here](#).
- [Stephen J. Babcock, VE6WZ](#) took a different approach using cable ties and red insulating varnish.
- [Theo Bemelmans, ON4AEK - OT4A](#) had this wonderful idea of making high-Q coils out of pure-copper brake pipe. 25ft(7.62m) rolls are available in several diameter gauges.



Figure 1: Trap coils by [PA3HMP](#)

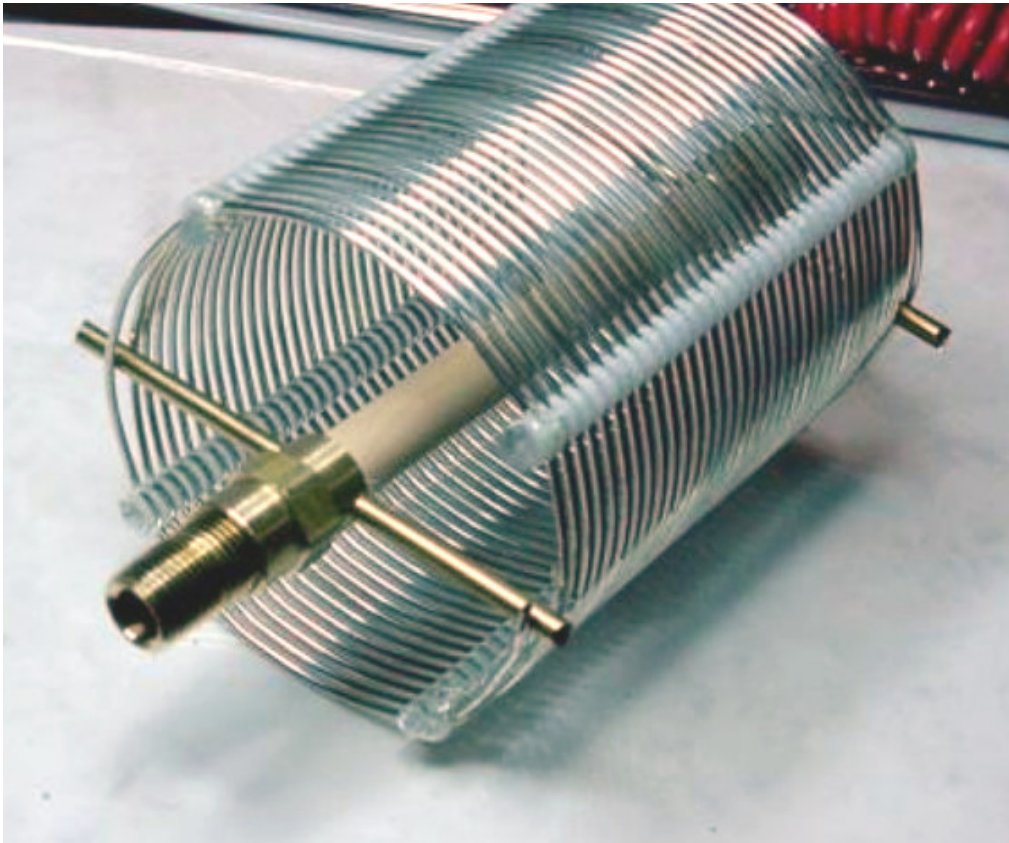


Figure 2: Home-made coil by [AD5X](#)



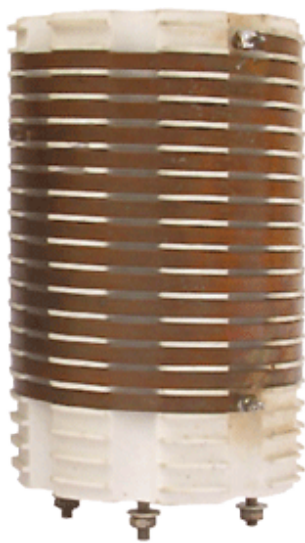
Figure 3: Brake pipe coil by [ON4AEK](#)



Figure 4: Copper brake pipe

Table 1: Brake pipe outer diameters

(inch)	(mm)
3/16	5
1/4	6
5/16	8
3/8	10



copper-strip coil

Another rewarding approach towards reducing losses and therefore increasing Q , consists in fabricating the coil out of copper-strip material instead of round wire or copper tubing.^{1,2} David Knight, G3YNH, explains the details in his text about the skin and the proximity effect.

For this very same reason, copper-tape on a plastic tube is often employed in the construction of helical antennas.

Dimensions

High- Q coil inductors have something in common: the length of the coil can only be slightly longer than its diameter. In other words, high- Q coils have cube-like dimensions.

If you would like to calculate the inductance L and the quality factor Q of a coil you are about to construct, please, have a go at my on-line inductance calculator!

Silver plating



silver plating

Copper conductors oxidise after some time. This results in a much reduced conductivity. Silver plated conductors also oxidise, however silver oxide remains highly conductive, unlike copper oxide which is highly resistive. Dirk, ON4AWU and fellow member of the OT5A contest station, developed a very interesting chemical silver plating process.

At a temperature of 20°C (293.15K), silver (Ag) has a resistivity of $15.8 \cdot 10^{-9} \Omega \text{m}$, which is the lowest of all metals, and a temperature coefficient of 0.0038K^{-1} . Silver[I] oxide (Ag_2O) at this temperature has a 500 times higher resistivity of $8 \cdot 10^{-6} \Omega \text{m}$ and a temperature coefficient of 0.004620K^{-1} .³ Nonetheless, silver[I] oxide is still considered to be a conductor, whereas both copper[I] oxide (Cu_2O) and copper[II] oxide (CuO) are semiconductors at room temperature.

Metal varnish



metal varnish

Whether a coil inductor is silver plated or not, it is still a good idea to varnish it. Silver oxide and environmental agents with etching properties result anyhow in, respectively, lower conductivities and increased path lengths. Moreover, cuprous or copper[I] oxide (Cu_2O) forms on silver-plated copper parts exposed to moisture when the silver layer is porous or damaged; this kind of corrosion is known as «red plague».⁴

Since it is readily available over here in Belgium, I am using Trimetal® Steloxine metal varnish to protect all copper, brass, aluminium and silver parts of all my antennas, with good result. Only stainless steel parts can do without this protection.

References

1. David W. Knight, G3YNH. Components and materials: Part 1, From transmitter to antenna. http://www.g3ynh.info/zdocs/comps/part_1.html
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3. K. Chatterjee et al. Metal-to-insulator transition in silver nanolayers grown on silver oxide nanoparticles. *Europhys Lett.* 2004;66(4):592-598.
http://www.iop.org/EJ/article/0295-5075/66/4/592/ep1_66_4_592.pdf
4. Wikipedia. Red plague. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Red_plague_%28corrosion%29



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